VALUE REPORTING FOUNDATION

SASB Standards

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SASB Standards: Design

Why SASB Standards?

Investors are dissatisfied with the quality of ESG disclosure

Company Reporting vs.

Company confidence in the quality of ESG information reported

100%

Source: PwC, ESG Pulse, 2016.

Investor Needs

Investor confidence in the quality of ESG information received from companies





It could be because sustainability reporting tends to look like this...



...but most investors consume information like this...

What differentiates SASB Standards?

SASB Standards are created for the market, by the market

- Financially material
- Decision-useful
- Cost-effective
- Industry-specific
- Evidence-based
- Market-informed

Our approach to financial materiality

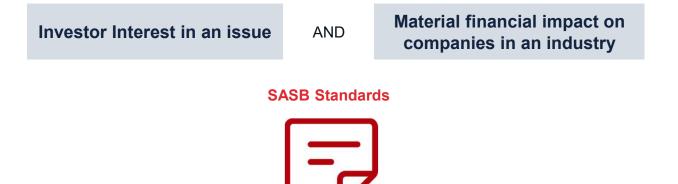
SASB Standards are tailored to the investor need for financially material information



The SASB standard-setting process

Identifies ESG factors reasonably likely to have a significant effect on the *financial condition, operating performance*, or *market valuation* of companies within an industry

Inclusion in SASB Standards requires evidence of both:



A starting point: Five broad dimensions of sustainability

Research underlying SASB Standards begins with a universe of ESG issues, then applies the industry lens

Environment

- GHG Emissions
- Air Quality
- Energy Management
- Water & Wastewater Management
- Waste & Hazardous
 Materials Management
- Ecological Impacts

Leadership & Governance

- · Business Ethics
- · Competitive Behavior
- Management of the Legal & Regulatory Environment
- Critical Incident Risk
 Management
- Systemic Risk Management



Business Model & Innovation

- Product Design & Lifecycle Management
- Business Model Resilience
- Supply Chain Management
- Materials Sourcing & Efficiency
- Physical Impacts of Climate Change

Social Capital

- Human Rights & Community Relations
- Customer Privacy
- · Data Security
- · Access & Affordability
- Product Quality & Safety
- · Customer Welfare
- Selling Practices & Product Labeling

Human Capital

- Labor Practices
- Employee Health & Safety
- Employee Engagement, Diversity & Inclusion

SASB Standards are organized by industry

SASB Standards identify the issues most likely to be financially material for each of 77 industries

Consumer Goods

- Apparel, Accessories & Footwear
- Appliance Manufacturing
- **Building Products & Furnishings**
- E-Commerce
- Household & Personal Products
- Multiline and Specialty Retailers & Distributors
- Toys & Sporting Goods

900

- **Extractives & Minerals Processing** Coal Operations
- **Construction Materials**
- Iron & Steel Producers
- Metals & Mining
- Oil & Gas Exploration & Production
- Oil & Gas Midstream
- Oil & Gas Refining & Marketing

Asset Management & Custody

Oil & Gas – Services

7

- Activities
- Commercial Banks
- **Consumer Finance**
- Insurance

Financials

- Investment Banking & Brokerage
- Mortgage Finance
- Security & Commodity Exchanges

- Food & Beverage
- Agricultural Products
- Alcoholic Beverages
- Food Retailers & Distributors
- Meat, Poultry & Dairy
- Non-Alcoholic Beverages
- Processed Foods
- Restaurants
- Tobacco

Health Care

- Biotechnology & Pharmaceuticals
- Drug Retailers
- Health Care Delivery
- Health Care Distributors
- Managed Care
- Medical Equipment & Supplies

Infrastructure

- Electric Utilities & Power Generators
- **Engineering & Construction Services**
- Gas Utilities & Distributors
- Home Builders
- Real Estate
- Real Estate Services
- Waste Management
- Water Utilities & Services

Renewable Resources &

Alternative Energy

- Biofuels
- Forestry Management
- Fuel Cells & Industrial Batteries
- Pulp & Paper Products
- Solar Technology & Project Developers
- Wind Technology & Project Developers

Resource Transformation

- Aerospace & Defense
 - Chemicals
 - Containers & Packaging •
 - Electrical & Electronic Equipment
 - Industrial Machinery & Goods

Services

- Advertising & Marketing •
- Casinos & Gaming
- Education
- Hotels & Lodging
- Leisure Facilities
- Media & Entertainment .
- Professional & Commercial Services .

Technology & Communications

- Electronic Manufacturing Services & Original Design Manufacturing
 - Hardware
- Internet Media & Services
- Semiconductors
- Software & IT Services .
- Telecommunication Services

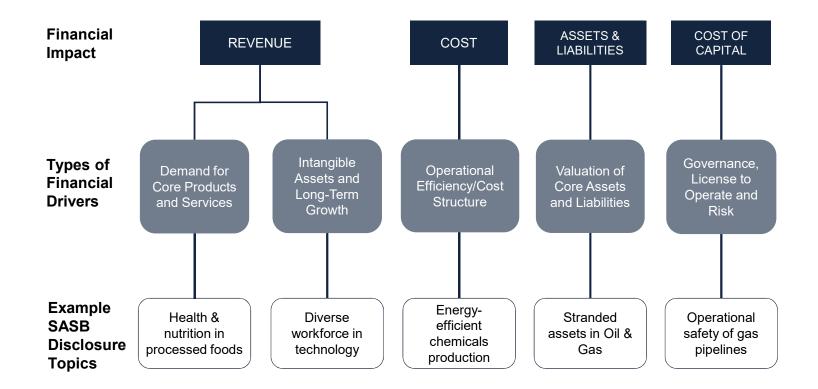
Transportation

- Air Freight & Logistics
- Airlines
- Auto Parts
- Automobiles
- Car Rental & Leasing
- . Cruise Lines
- Marine Transportation
- Rail Transportation .
- Road Transportation .



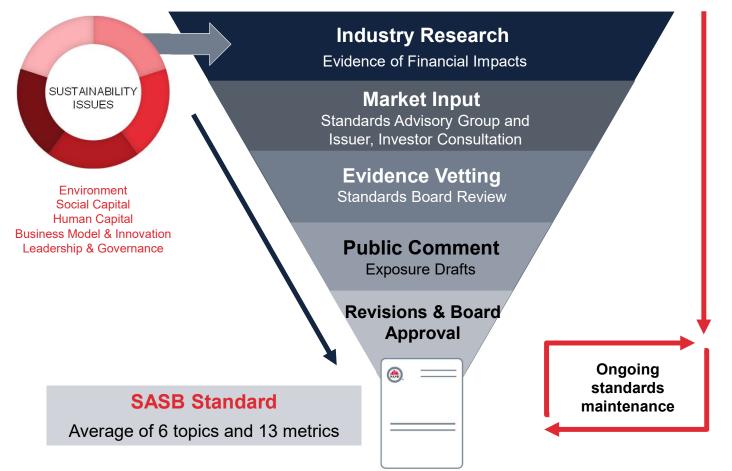
Disciplined focus on direct financial impacts

SASB Standards include disclosure topics with evidence of impact on financial condition, operating performance, or risk



Rigorous process drives SASB Standards

Standards for each industry are rooted in evidence and shaped by market input



Visit materiality.sasb.org

The SASB Standards Materiality Map[®]

A view of financially material ESG risks and opportunities across 77 industries

		Consumer Goods	Extractives & Minerals Processing						Financials	Food & Beverage	Health Care	Infrastructure		
Dimension	General Issue Category [®]	Click to expand	Coal Operations	Construction Materials	Iron & Steel Producers	Metals & Mining	Oil & Gas – Exploration & Production	Oil & Gas – Midstream	Oil & Gas – Refining & Marketing	Oil & Gas – Services	Click to expand	Click to expand	Click to expand	Click to expand
	GHG Emissions													
	Air Quality													
200200000000	Energy Management													
Environment	Water & Wastewater Management													
	Waste & Hazardous Materials Management													
	Ecological Impacts													
	Human Rights & Community Relations													
	Customer Privacy											[-	
	Data Security													
	Access & Affordability													
	Product Quality & Safety													
	Customer Welfare													
	Selling Practices & Product Labeling												-	
	Labor Practices													
Human Capital	Employee Health & Safety													
Capital	Employee Engagement, Diversity & Inclusion													
	Product Design & Lifecycle Management													
Business	Business Model Resilience													
Model &	Supply Chain Management	1											Y	
Innovation	Materials Sourcing & Efficiency	j i												
	Physical Impacts of Climate Change													
	Business Ethics													
	Competitive Behavior													
Leadership & Governance	Management of the Legal & Regulatory Environment													
Governance	Critical Incident Risk Management									5				
	Systemic Risk Management											ĺ.		

SASB Standards

Universal guidance and industry disclosure standards

SASB STANDARDS	EXTRACTIVES & MANERALS PROCESSING SECTOR DELEXENTING & MANERALS PROCESSING SECTOR OLL & GAS - EXPLORATION & DECOUNTING Sustainability Accounting Standard Sustainability Accounting Standards Sustainability Accounting Standards Conder 2018 Conder 2018	<section-header><section-header><text><text><section-header><text><text><text><section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><text></text></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header></text></text></text></section-header></text></text></section-header></section-header>
		must be followed in order for disclosure to be in conformance with the applicable industry students). 2.1 Specifying Use of Use Standards When represent our op a SAM standard, are entry shall cite the wheart SAM standard in order to the inconformance with the standard

Standards Application

Guidance

77 industry-specific SASB Standards

SASB Standards

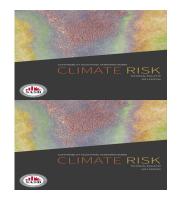
Universal guidance and industry disclosure standards



specific di			nting me			
Table 1. Sustain TOPIC Greenhouse Gas Emissions Air Quality	Gross gl	Accounting Metrics Accounting Metrics bala Scope 1 emissions, percentage percentage covered under Quantitative Metric tons CO-e (t), Percentage (%) EM EM-EP-110a.1. Gross global Scope 1 emissions, p covered under emissions-limiting regulations Imiting regulations EM 1 The entity shall disclose its gross global Scope 1 greenhouse gas (G GHGs covered under the Kyoto Protocol—carbon dioxide (CO), m hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbons (PFCs), sulfur hexaflu 1.1 Emissions of all GHGs shall be consolidated and disclosed in and calculated in accordance with published 100-year time I date, the preferred source for GWP values is the Intergovern	HG) emissions to the ethane (CH ₄), nitrou pride (SF ₆), and nitro metric tons of carb porizon global warr	ne atmosphere of th us oxide (N2O), ogen trifluoride (NF) on dioxide equivale ning potential (GWB	ne seven .). nt (CO2-e), P) values (n	Technical protocol for compiling data Activity metrics for normalization
	Water Ta	Table 2. Activity Metrics				
	Volum genera injecte	ACTIVITY METRIC	CATEGORY	UNIT OF MEASURE	CODE	
Water Management	discha Percer which fractu	Production of: (1) oil, (2) natural gas, (3) synthetic oil, and (4) synthetic gas	Quantitative	Thousand barrels per day (Mbbl/day); Million standard cubic feet per day (MMscf/day)	EM-EP-000.A	
					EM-EP-000 8	
		Number of offshore sites	Quantitative	Number	ENH-ER-OUD D	

Climate risk is industry-specific

SASB Standards include disclosure topics with evidence of impact on financial condition, operating performance, or risk



 Data analyzed from CDP indicates that 85 percent of Scope 1 GHG emissions comes from seven industries.

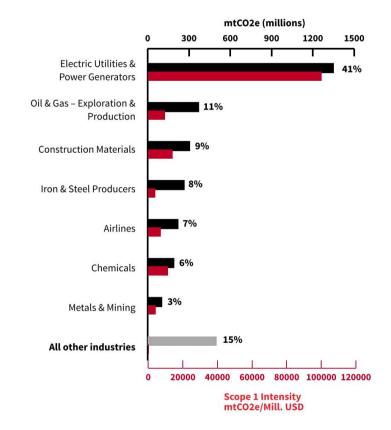


Figure 2. Scope 1 GHG Emissions by Industry

Climate risk is industry-specific

SASB Standards include disclosure topics with evidence of impact on financial condition, operating performance, or risk

			ТОРІС	ACCOUNTING METRIC	CATEGORY	UNIT OF MEASURE	CODE
CLIMATE F				Percentage of vehicle models rated by NCAP programs with an overall 5-star safety rating, by region	Quantitative	Percentage (%)	TR-AU-250a.1
		AUTOMOBILES Sustainability Accounting Standard		Number of safety-related defect complaints, percentage investigated	Quantitative	Number, Percentage (%)	TR-AU-250a.2
				Number of vehicles recalled ²	Quantitative	Number	TR-AU-250a.3
		Semantite Hearty Conductors System 8 (25/19 Hea) Pages by He Semantite Nationary Conductor Semantities Collision 2011 INDUCTOR 12 ADMARD (1971002-2016.31)	Labor Practices	Percentage of active workforce covered under collective bargaining agreements	Quantitative	Percentage (%)	TR-AU-310a.1
CLIMATE F		INDUSTRY STANDARD VYENION 2018-19	Labor Practices	(1) Number of work stoppages and (2) total days idle ³	Quantitative	Number, Days idle	TR-AU-310a.2
				Sales-weighted average passenger fleet fuel economy, by region	Quantitative	Mpg, L/km, gCO ₂ /km, km/L	TR-AU-410a.1
ure 4. SASB's Climate Risk Framework	r		Fuel Economy & Use-phase Emissions	Number of (1) zero emission vehicles (ZEV), (2) hybrid vehicles, and (3) plug-in hybrid vehicles sold	Quantitative	Number	TR-AU-410a.2
	Financial Impact Channels			Discussion of strategy for managing fleet fuel economy and emissions risks and opportunities	Discussion and Analysis	n/a	TR-AU-410a.3
Physical Effects	Income Statement		Materials Sourcing	Description of the management of risks associated with the use of critical materials	Discussion and Analysis	n/a	TR-AU-440a.1
ransition to a Low-Carbon, Resilient Economy	Balance Sheet		Materials Efficiency &	Total amount of waste from manufacturing, percentage recycled	Quantitative	Metric tons (t), Percentage (%)	TR-AU-440b.1
Regulatory Risk	Risk Profile			Weight of end-of-life material recovered, percentage recycled	Quantitative	Metric tons (t), Percentage (%)	TR-AU-440b.2
			Recycling	Average recyclability of vehicles sold ⁴	Quantitative	Percentage (%) by sales- weighted metric tons (t)	TR-AU-440b.3

Designed for communications to investors

Meet investor needs for comparable, consistent and reliable data



Companies are using SASB Standards in investor communications

Example: Nike Investor Relations website

SUSTAINABILITY ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD (SASB)

SASB is an independent, private sector standards-setting organization dedicated to enhancing the efficiency of the capital markets by fostering high-quality disclosure of material sustainability information that meets investor needs. The table below cross-references the SASB accounting metrics with where that information can be found in NKE's FYIG17 Sustainable Business Report (SBR) and Sustainability Website.

OPIC	ACCOUNTING METRIC	CATEGORY	UNIT OF MEASURE	CODE	DATA	REFERENCE
NANAGEMENT OF Chemicals in Products	Description of processes to maintain compliance with restricted substances regulations.	Discussion and Analysis	N/A	CN0501-01		SBR: Chemistry (Measure: 100% compliance with NIKE RSL) Approach to Chemistry Chemistry Playbook
	Description of processes to assess and manage risks associated with chemicals in products	Discussion and Analysis	N/A	CN0501-02		SBR: <u>Chemistry</u> (Target: Enable Zero Discharge of Hazardous Chemicals) <u>Approach to Chemistry</u> <u>Chemistry Playbook</u>
RAW MATERIAL Sourcing & Nnovation	Discussion of environmental and social risks associated with sourcing priority materials	Discussion and Analysis	N/A	CN0501-03		SBR: <u>Materials</u> (Target: Increase use of more sustainable materials in footwear and apparel) <u>Sustainable Materials</u> <u>Sustainable Materials Principles</u>
	Percentage of raw materials third- party certified to an environmental or social sustainability standard, by standard	Quantitative	Percentage (%) by weight	CN0501-04	Materials (FY17) Cotton Organic: 8% • Recycled: <1% • BCL: 46% Polyester	SBR: <u>Materials</u> (Target: Increase use of more sustainable materials in footwear and apparei) Sustainable Materials Sustainable Materials Principles
					Recycled: 14% Corrugate Recycled: 84% Rubber Environmentally preferred rubber: 98%	
					Foam Recycled EVA foam: <1%	
ABOR Conditions in 'He supply chain	Percentage of (1) tier 1 suppliers and (2) suppliers beyond tier 1 that have been audited to a labor	Quantitative	Percentage (%)	CN0501-05	100% of Tier 1 suppliers audited to Code of Conduct, which includes environmental data collection	 SBR: <u>Sustainable Sourcing</u> (Target: Source 100% from factories that meet our definition of sustainable)
	code of conduct, percentage conducted by a third-party auditor				 4% audited by third-party auditor 	NIKE's Sourcing and Manufacturing Standards
	conducted by a triffd-party auditor				Suppliers beyond Tier 1 audited to Code of Conduct	
					 N/A. We disclose a number of strategic material suppliers (Tier 2) on our <u>Manufacturing Map</u> along with finished goods factories. 	
	Priority non-conformance rate and associated corrective action rate for suppliers' labor code of	Quantitative	Rate	CN0501-06	In FY17, 9.1% of audits were rated below Bronze (non-conformance)	 SBR: <u>Sustainable Sourcing</u> (Target: Source 100% from factories that meet our definition of sustainable)
	conduct audits					NIKE's Sourcing and Manufacturing Standards



SASB Standards: Due Process

Governance, membership and advisory bodies

Modeled after financial standard setters (FAF/FASB, IFRS/IASB)

Governing Bodies



The Value Reporting Foundation Board

Fiduciary duty to oversee the funding and operations of the organization

Richard Sexton

Former Vice Chairman; Global Assurance at PwC The Value Reporting Foundation, Chair of the Board

Robert K. Steel Chairman, Perella Weinberg Partners The Value Reporting Foundation, Chair of the Board

Helen Brand OBE Chief Executive of ACCA The Value Reporting Foundation, Vice Chair of the Board

Mary Schapiro, JD Former Chairman, SEC The Value Reporting Foundation, Vice Chair of the Board Janine Guillot CEO

Charles Tilley OBE Senior Advisor, Value Reporting Foundation

Alan L. Beller Senior Counsel, Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton

Pru Bennett Partner, Brunswick Group

Rudi Bless Chief Accounting Officer, Bank of America

Else Bos Executive Director and Chair of Prudential Supervision, De Nederlandsche Bank

Catherine Bradley CBE Senior Independent Director Kingfisher plc.

Alex Broedel Lopes Group CFO of Itaú Unibanco S.A. Audrey Choi

Chief Sustainability Officer, Chief Marketing Officer, and CEO, Institute for Sustainable Investing, Morgan Stanley

Michelle Collins Audit & Assurance Partner, Deloitte & Touche LLP

Aron Cramer President and Chief Executive Officer of Business for Social Responsibility

Deborah L. DeHaas CEO, Corporate Leadership Center

Jane Diplock AO International Company Director

Paul Druckman Chairman, World Benchmarking Alliance

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Laura Tyson Director, Institute for Business and Social Impact – Berkeley Haas School of Business

Sarah Williamson Chief Executive Officer of FCLT Global

Jay Willhoughby, CFA Chief Investment Officer, The Investment Fund For Foundations

Chuck Zegar Philanthropist, Co-Founder of Bloomberg LP

The SASB Standards Board

Independent board responsible for all aspects of standard-setting

Jeffrey Hales, PhD Chair

Charles T. Zlatkovich Centennial Professor of Accounting The University of Texas at Austin Sector Chair for Renewable Resources & Alternative Energy

Verity Chegar

Co-Vice Chair Member of the Sustainable Investment and Stewardship Strategies team at CalSTRS Sector Chair for Extractives & Minerals Processing

Robert Hirth, Jr. Co-Vice Chair

Senior Managing Director, Protiviti Chairman Emeritus, Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) Sector Chair for Technology & Communications

Kurt Kuehn

Former CFO, UPS Sector Chair for Transportation & Infrastructure

Lloyd Kurtz, CFA

Senior Portfolio Manager, Head of Social Impact Investing, Wells Fargo Private Bank Sector Chair for Health Care & Resource Transformation

Daniel L. Goelzer, JD

Retired Partner, Baker & McKenzie LLP Sector Chair for Services

Elizabeth Seeger

Managing Director, Sustainable Investing, KKR Sector Chair for Consumer Goods

Marc Siegel

Partner - EY Sector Chair for Financials

Susanne Stormer

Partner, Head of Sustainability, PwC Denmark

Stephanie Tang, JD

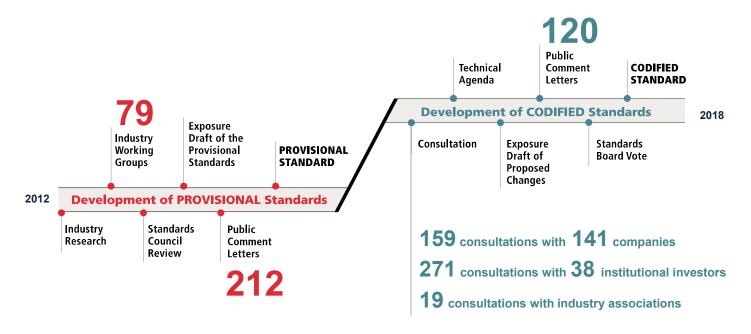
Director and Senior Corporate Counsel, Securities and Corporate Governance Autodesk Sector Chair for Food & Beverage

Mark Vaessen

Partner, Head of Department of Professional Practice, KPMG

SASB Standards reflect significant market input

Market feedback has strengthened the Standards throughout their development



Over 6 years, thousands of corporate professionals, investors, and industry experts have provided input on the standards

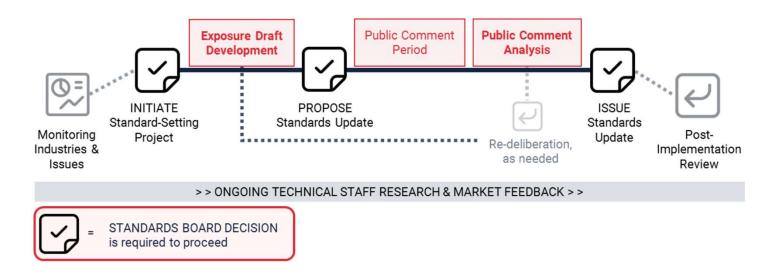
Standard-setting process overview

A project-based model for standard-setting

We approach updates to the Standards using a project-based model, enabling focused Standard-setting to effectively address key issues.

The SASB Standards Board's due process involves a set of distinct but connected activities centered around three key Standards Board decisions:

- Initiating a Standard-setting project
- Proposing a Standards update
- Issuing a Standards update





Thank you





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